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CATALOGUE OF FRUITS.

BY
THOMAS RIVERS.

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OCTOBER, 1853.

70559 33

A DESCRIPTIVE
CATALOGUE OF FRUITS

CULTIVATED AND SOLD

BY

THOMAS RIVERS,

OF

THE NURSERIES, SAWBRIDGEWORTH, HERTS.



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OR,

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DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE OF FRUITS.

INTRODUCTION.

I INVITE my friends to an inspection of my specimen Pear and other Trees, in which early fruitfulness is induced either by the operation of root-pruning, or by biennial removal, so that a collection of fruit trees in full bearing may grow in as small a space as a collection of Standard Roses.

In the following Catalogue I have endeavoured to reduce the number of varieties; for with fruit trees, as with flowers, and trees, and shrubs, we have by far too many names in our catalogues. It may be urged, that I have not gone far enough, and that some twenty varieties of Pears, and the same number of Apples and other fruits, are all that can be required, so as to give a supply throughout the season; that to have several varieties ripening at the same season is superfluous. In reply to this, it must be recollected that fruits differ much in flavour, and in adaptation to different soils and climates; so that a Pear of very fine flavour, ripening in November, which will succeed in the South, will not in the North; but a variety, nearly as perfect in flavour, and ripening at the same time, has such a robust habit, as to brave the cold winds of the North. A greater variety of sorts, more than at first view seems to be required, is in fact necessary.

The care and attention required in a fruit-tree nursery may be judged of, when I state that the following selections are made from 1000 varieties of Pears, 350 of Apples, 250 of Plums, 150 of Cherries, 60 of Peaches, 20 of Nectarines, 30 of Apricots, and 120 of Grapes, of all of which specimen trees in bearing are kept, so that I am able almost to ensure correctness of nomenclature; but as I know from long experience, that with the utmost care a mistake will occasionally occur, I shall always feel obliged by being made acquainted with it, that it may be rectified promptly.

In the columns with prices for different descriptions of Pear trees it will be seen, that to some kinds the price for every description of tree, whether on Quince or Pear, is given, to others the price for only one or two descriptions; this is intended as a guide to the purchaser, as trees can only be supplied of the description to which a price is given. This, it is hoped, will obviate the inconvenience often felt from trees being ordered on the Quince, which will not grow well on that stock, or as root-pruned or trained, when no root-pruned or trained trees can be supplied of that particular variety.

Pyramids are upright trees, from two or three years old, 3 to 4 feet in height; many of these have bloom-buds, and will bear the first season after planting.

Those double-worked are for the most part smaller trees, *i. e.* from 2 to 3 feet in height only.

Pyramids root-pruned are from three to five years old, from 3½ to 5 feet in height, full of bloom-buds, so as to bear a crop the first season after planting.

Dwarfs are from one to two years old; these are furnished with shoots close to the ground, and can be grown as dwarf bushes.

Trained trees on the Quince are from three to five years old, many of them root-pruned and full of bloom-buds; they are not large trees, but well trained, and will soon come into bearing. In the North, growing Pears on trellises under glass, as recommended for Peaches in the "Miniature Fruit Garden," will be found, perhaps, the *only sure method* to procure Pears of fine flavour; for this purpose those trained on Quince stocks are alone eligible.

In describing Pears as melting and half-melting, the Marie Louise may be cited as a true melting Pear; as half-melting the Beurré Bosc is a good example: these Pears are buttery, but do not dissolve so readily as the melting pears.

In giving the descriptions, "1. qual., 1. size," means Pears and other fruits of the first quality and the largest size; the month named is as nearly as possible the period when they are fully ripe; but this varies to an extraordinary extent, for in warm seasons and in dry soils, they will occasionally ripen from one to two months before their usual period. I have seen Crassane Pears ripe in September.

The biennial removal referred to above is the most simple of all methods of root-pruning; it consists in merely digging a trench round the tree early in November, and lifting it out of the ground carefully with all the earth possible attached to its roots, shortening with the knife any that are straggling. If the soil be rich, so that trees unremoved are inclined to grow too vigorously, no fresh compost will be required, and it will merely be necessary to shovel into the hole some of the earth from the surface around it to two or three inches in depth; this will prevent the tree settling down too deeply. If the soil be poor, some rotten dung—at least six months old—and loam or any light earth, equal parts, or moor earth, may be placed at the bottom in the same manner, and some of the same compost, say half a wheelbarrow full to each tree, may be thrown over its roots when replanting it.

SELECT PEARS.

In describing pyramids in the following Catalogue, those described as "healthy" or "vigorous" grow well on the quince, but do not form ornamental pyramids; those described as "handsome" grow vigorously and form trees of great beauty if properly attended to by summer pinching, for which see "Miniature Fruit Garden;" pyramidal trees of this description may be made ornaments to any lawn. Pear trees on the quince stock, cultivated as bushes, and removed biennially, form nice prolific trees. Several varieties that do not succeed well as pyramids may be cultivated with success as bushes; in exposed places a large collection may be cultivated in this manner with advantage.

The following materials I have found of great service in the culture of pears, whether on the pear or quince stock.

In low situations near brooks and rivers, a black moor earth is generally found. This, unprepared, is unfit for horticultural purposes, but if dug out and laid in a ridge, and one eighth part of unslacked lime spread over it, turning it immediately and mixing the lime with it, it will become in the course of five or six weeks an excellent compost for pear trees. I have in some instances added half a bushel of burnt earth to a barrowful of this moor earth with good effect; in planting, one wheelbarrowful to a tree will be enough.

The only method to cultivate successfully pyramidal pears on pear stocks is by biennial removal; in this way they become nearly as prolific as those on quince stocks, and what is of great importance, in light gravelly or chalky soils they will to a certainty succeed where pears on quince stocks will as certainly fail.

	On Quince Stocks.			On Pear Stocks.		
	Pyra- mids and Dwarfs.	Pyra- mids, root- pruned.	Dwarfs trained.	Dwarfs.	Pyra- mids.	Dwarfs, trained.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Albertine. 1. qual., 1. size, a handsome melting pear, very hardy. Forms a vigorous pyramid on the quince, and bears well. End of Aug. - - - - -	2 0	3 6		1 6	2 0	
Alexandre Bivort. 1. qual., 2. size, a new hardy pear, from the collection of the late M. Esperen: flavour sugary, perfumed and exquisite, it literally melts in the mouth. Forms a healthy pyramid on the quince. Jan. - - - - -	2 6			2 6	2 6	
Alexandre Lambre. 1. qual., 2. size, a new hardy pear, from the collection of the late Van Mons. Melting and excellent. Forms a very handsome pyramid on the quince. Dec. often till March - - - - -	2 6			2 0	2 0	
Amiral, or Arbre Courbé (Van Mons). 1. qual., 2. size, melting and delicious, very hardy, with curiously twisted branches. Succeeds on the quince as a bush, double-worked, bears abun- dantly even on the pear. Oct. - - - - -	2 0		3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Aston Town. 1. qual., 3. size, melting and excellent, bears abun- dantly on standards or pyramids. Forms a vigorous pyramid on the quince double-worked. Oct. - - - - -	3 6			1 6	2 0	3 6
Baronne de Mello. 1. qual., 2. size, a very good melting pear, equal to Brown Beurré, and quite hardy. Succeeds well on the quince, and forms a very handsome pyramid. Oct. - - - - -	2 0	3 6		1 6	2 0	
Beau Présent d'Artois. 1. qual., 1. size, a half-melting pear, very juicy and agreeable, hardy and productive. Forms a healthy pyramid on the quince. Sept. - - - - -	2 0	3 6		1 6	2 0	
Belle de Noël, or Belle Après Noël (Esperen). 1. qual., 2. size, an excellent Christmas pear, melting and rich. Handsome as a pyramid on the quince, but grows slowly. Jan. - - - - -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Benoist. 1. qual., 1. size, a good early melting pear, with a slightly perfumed and agreeable flavour. Vigorous as a pyramid on the quince. Sept. - - - - -	2 0			1 6	2 0	
Bergamot. Autumn. 1. qual., 3. size, one of our oldest varieties, very hardy, but slow in coming into bearing, unless on the quince, on which it succeeds as a bush double-worked. Sept. -	3 6			1 6	2 0	3 6
Bergamot, Gansel's. 1. qual., 1. size, a truly magnificent pear, but very slow in bearing on the pear stock. Succeeds well on the quince double-worked, and bears freely and quickly. Will bear as a pyramid in the south in warm situations, but for the most part requires a wall. Oct. - - - - -	3 6		3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Bergamot, Gansel's late. 1. qual., 1. size, a new variety raised by Mr. Williams of Pitmaston, quite hardy, said to be of high ex- cellence, and forms a vigorous pyramid on the quince. Dec. -	3 6			2 6	3 6	
Bergamot. March. 1. qual., 3. size, a good melting hardy pear, raised by T. A. Knight, Esq. Succeeds on the quince double- worked. March. - - - - -	3 6			1 6	2 0	3 6

PEARS—continued.

	On Quince Stocks.			On Pear Stocks.		
	Pyra- mids and Dwarfs.	Pyra- mids, root- pruned.	Dwarfs, trained.	Dwarfs.	Pyra- mids.	Dwarfs, trained.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Bergamotte Drouet. 1. qual., 2. size, a new very late pear, which succeeds well on the quince, and forms a handsome pyramid, as its shoots are stout and fastigate. April to May -	2 0			1 6		
Bergamotte Dussart (Van Mons). 1. qual., 2. size, a melting, hardy, winter pear, which succeeds on the quince, and forms a healthy pyramid. Jan. -	2 0	3 6		1 6	2 0	
Bergamotte d'Esperen.* 1. qual., 3. size, a new and excellent hardy late pear. Succeeds well on the quince, and forms a handsome prolific pyramid, but well deserves a wall. April to May -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Beurré Benner. 1. qual., 3. size, a new, hardy, late, melting pear, from the collection of the late Van Mons. Forms a handsome pyramid on the quince. Feb. -	3 6			2 6		
Beurré Berekmans. 1. qual., 1. size, a new and hardy pear from Belgium. Of a vinous, sugary, perfumed and exquisite flavour, delicate on the quince. Dec. -	3 6			2 6		
Beurré Bosc. 1. qual., 1. size, a delicious half-melting pear. Hardy, and bears well as a pyramid, but requires a warm soil and situation. Succeeds on the quince double-worked, and forms a healthy pyramid -	3 6			1 6	2 0	3 6
Beurré Brown. 1. qual., 1. size, a very old but most excellent melting pear. Requires a wall; succeeds on the quince, and bears abundantly. End of Oct. -	2 0		3 6	1 6		3 6
Beurré Bretonneau (Esperen). 1. qual., 1. size, a new late pear. My specimens ripened May 10. 1849; nearly or quite melting and excellent; succeeds on the quince double-worked, and forms a prolific pyramid; on the pear a handsome pyramid, but deserves a wall in the north. May to June -	3 6			1 6	2 0	3 6
Beurré d'Anjou, or Ne plus Meuris of the French. 1. qual., 1. size, a large and excellent melting pear. Succeeds on the quince, and forms a handsome pyramid. Dec. to Jan. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Beurré d'Arenberg. 1. qual., 2. size, a delicious and well-known pear. Succeeds on the quince, and forms a prolific handsome pyramid. Dec. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Beurré d'Amaldis. 1. qual., 1. size, melting, large, and excellent; one of the best and hardiest of early Autumn pears. Succeeds on the quince even in adverse soils, and forms a vigorous healthy pyramid. Sept. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Beurré de Capiaumont. 1. qual., 2. size, half-melting. Not always first quality, but valuable for its extreme hardness; bears most abundantly, and forms a handsome pyramid on the quince. Oct. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Beurré Defais. 1. qual., 1. size, a new, hardy, melting pear from Angers; its habit is very robust, and it forms a healthy pyramid on the quince. Dec. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	
Beurré Diel. 1. qual. 1. size, melting and slightly perfumed. One of the largest of pears; succeeds admirably on the quince, and forms a healthy vigorous pyramid. Dec. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Beurré de Rance, so named from the village of Rance near Mons. 1. qual. 1. size, a well-known and most excellent late melting pear; fruit often large and insipid from a wall; succeeds, double-worked, on the quince, and forms a healthy prolific pyramid, giving fruit of exquisite flavour. March to May -	3 6	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Beurré Duhaume. 1. qual., 1. size, a new and excellent pear, melting and rich. Succeeds on the quince double-worked, and forms a handsome pyramid. Feb. -	3 6			1 6	2 0	3 6
Beurré Easter. 1. qual., 1. size, melting and slightly perfumed; better from a pyramid on the quince than from a wall. Forms a handsome pyramid. Jan. to May -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Beurré Giffart. 1. qual., 2. size, melting and very juicy, with a delicious Noyau flavour. New, hardy, and one of our best early pears; succeeds as a bush or espalier on the quince better than as a pyramid on account of its crooked growth. Aug. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 6	

* For the guidance of those commencing to plant a fruit garden, a few of the leading and most desirable hardy varieties of each kind of fruit are printed in italics. The pears thus pointed out are hardy, and all well adapted for pyramids on the quince.

PEARS—continued.

	On Quince Stocks.			On Pear Stocks.		
	Pyra- mids and Dwarfs.	Pyra- mids, root- pruned.	Dwarfs, trained.	Dwarfs.	Pyra- mids.	Dwarfs, trained.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Beurré Goubault. 1 qual., 2. size, melting and delicious. Forms a healthy prolific pyramid on the quince. Sept. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	
Beurré gris d'Hiver Nouveau. 1 qual., 1. size, a rich melting pear. Requires a warm soil and situation, or wall; succeeds as a bush on the quince. Feb. -	2 0		3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Beurré Hamecher. 1 qual., 1. size, a new hardy pear from Belgium; melting and excellent. Succeeds well as a pyramid on the quince. Oct. -	3 6			2 0		
Beurré Hardy. 1 qual., 1. size, melting and good. Remarkable for its beauty and vigour of growth. Forms a very handsome pyramid on the quince. Oct. -	2 0	3 6		1 6		
Beurré Langelier. 1 qual., 1. size, an excellent melting pear. Succeeds on the quince, and forms a healthy pyramid. Dec. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Beurré Leon le Clerc. 1 qual., 1. size, a new, large, melting pear; forms a handsome pyramid. Nov. -	2 0			2 0		
Beurré Navez (Van Mons). A new pear, described by Van Mons as "not a pear, but a skin filled with juice the most vinous and sugary it is possible to conceive." This may be true. Delicate on the quince. Sept. -	3 6			2 6		
Beurré or Doyenné Robin. 1 qual., 1. size, a new, hardy, excellent, melting pear, which succeeds on the quince, and forms a handsome pyramid. October -	2 0	3 6		1 6	2 0	
Beurré Sterckmaan (Van Mons). 1 qual., 1 size, a new, hardy, melting pear, which forms a handsome pyramid on the quince. Jan. Feb. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Beurré Superfin. 1 qual., 1. size, a hardy, large, and excellent melting pear. Succeeds on the quince, and forms a healthy pyramid. Sept. -	2 0		3 6	1 6	2 0	
Beurré Tuerlinckx. 2 qual., 1 size, or rather much beyond it, for it is an enormous pear, and though not first-rate, yet is useful, as it is eatable nearly all the winter; it is quite hardy, and succeeds as a bush or espalier on the quince. Dec. to Feb. -	2 6					
Beurré Van Mons. 1. qual., 2. size, a rich and delicious melting pear. Succeeds on the quince, and forms a healthy pyramid. Nov. -	2 0		3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Beurré Wetteren. 1. qual., 1. size, a new and very hardy pear from the collection of the late M. Esperen, melting and excellent; forms a healthy pyramid. Feb. -	2 6		3 6	2 0	2 6	3 6
Beurré Winter (Rivers). 1. qual., 1. size, a new pear, raised here from the Easter Beurré, a rich, vinous, melting pear; very hardy, and forms a handsome pyramid on the quince. Feb. to March -	2 6	3 6	3 6	2 0	2 6	3 6
Bezy d'Esperen. 1 qual., 1. size, a hardy and good melting pear. Succeeds on the quince, and forms a handsome pyramid. Dec. -	2 0		3 6	1 6	2 0	
Bon Chrétien (Williams's). 1 qual., 1. size, a perfumed and a highly-esteemed melting pear. Forms a healthy pyramid on the quince, and bears abundantly. Sept. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Bon Gustave (Esperen). 1. qual., 1. size, a new, melting pear. Hardy, and forms a handsome pyramid on the quince. Dec. -	2 0			2 0	2 0	
Broom Park (Knight). 1 qual., 2. size, melting, and "partakes of the flavour of the melon and the pine-apple." Succeeds on the quince, double-worked, and forms a healthy pyramid. Jan. -	3 6			1 6	2 0	3 6
Brougham (Knight). 1 qual., 1. size, a very hardy pear. Succeeds on the quince, double-worked, and forms a healthy pyramid. Nov. -	3 6			1 6	2 0	3 6
Calebasse Carafon or C. Monstre. 1 qual., 1. size, a very long, slender pear, much like Grosse Calebasse. Forms a healthy pyramid on the quince. Oct. -	2 0		3 6	2 0	2 0	
Calebasse d'été (Esperen). 1 qual., 2. size, a half-melting, excellent summer pear, bears profusely, and forms a handsome pyramid on the quince. Sept. -	2 0	3 6				
Chaumontel. 1 qual., 1. size, a well-known melting pear, grown in Jersey to an enormous size; succeeds well on the quince, and						

PEARS—continued.

	On Quince Stocks.			On Pear Stocks.		
	Pyra- mids and Dwarfs.	Pyra- mids, root- pruned.	Dwarfs, trained.	Dwarfs.	Pyra- mids.	Dwarfs, trained.
forms a healthy pyramid, but requires a warm soil and situation. Dec. - - - - -	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Citron des Carmes. 1. qual., 2. size, an old and very good early pear, ripens just after Doyenné d'été, and succeeds well as a bush or espalier on the quince. July - - - - -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Colmar. 1. qual., 1. size, a very old and excellent melting variety, succeeds well and bears freely on the quince. Requires a wall. Jan. - - - - -	2 0		3 6	1 6		3 6
Colmar d'été. 1. qual., 2. size, a very agreeable juicy early pear. Remarkable for growing vigorously, bearing profusely, and form- ing a handsome pyramid on the quince. Sept. - - - - -	2 0	3 6		1 6	2 0	
Comte de Lamy. 1. qual., 2. size, one of our most delicious autumn pears. Succeeds on the quince, and forms a handsome pyramid. Oct. - - - - -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Comte de Flandre (Van Mons). 1. qual., 1. size, a new and fine melting, hardy pear. Forms a healthy pyramid on the quince. Dec. - - - - -	2 0	3 6		2 0	2 0	
Crassane, Althorp (Knight). 1. qual., 2. size, a very hardy variety, but somewhat uncertain. In some soils it is only 2. qual.; grows slowly on the quince, and forms a bush, double worked. Nov. - - - - -	3 6			1 6	2 0	3 6
Crassane d'Hiver Bruneau. 1. qual., 2. size, a rich, handsome, and delicious late pear, which succeeds well on the quince and forms a prolific bush, but deserves a wall. March - - - - -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Crassane. 1. qual., 1. size, a well-known and highly esteemed melt- ing pear, adapted only for a wall with a warm aspect. Succeeds well on the quince, and comes into bearing quickly. Nov. - - - - -	2 0		3 6	1 6		3 6
Delices d'Hardenpont. 1. qual., 2. size, a good melting pear, which, on the quince, forms a handsome prolific pyramid. Oct. - - - - -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	
Doyenné Boussoch. 1. qual., 1. size, a large and delicious melting pear; succeeds well on the quince, and forms a healthy pyramid. Oct. - - - - -	2 0		3 6	1 6	2 0	
Doyenne d'été. 1. qual., 3. size, one of the earliest and best summer pears. Succeeds on the quince, and forms a healthy but not a vigorous pyramid. July - - - - -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	
Doyenné d'Hiver Nouveau, or d'Alençon. 1. qual., 2. size, an ex- cellent late pear, which succeeds on the quince, and forms a healthy pyramid. Jan. to May - - - - -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Doyenné Goubault. 1. qual., 1. size, a new and excellent melting pear, succeeds well on the quince as a bush or espalier, but re- quires a warm situation or a wall. Jan. to March - - - - -	2 0		3 6	2 0	2 0	3 6
Doyenné Gris. 1. qual., 2. size, a delicious autumn pear, hardy, and forms a handsome pyramid on the quince. Nov. - - - - -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	
Doyenné, white. 1. qual., 2. size, a very old but excellent pear, which succeeds on the quince, and forms a handsome and pro- lific pyramid. Oct. - - - - -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	
Duchesse d'Angoulême. 1. qual., 1. size, a large and magnificent pear, often 2. qual. from walls. Succeeds on the quince, and forms a handsome pyramid. Nov. - - - - -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Duchesse de Mars. 1. qual., 3. size. No pear can be more high- flavoured and delicious. Tree dwarf, and slender in growth. Succeeds on the quince, double worked, and bears abundantly as a bush. Dec. to Jan. - - - - -	3 6			1 6	2 0	3 6
Duchesse d'Orléans. 1. qual., 1. size, a delicious pear, with flavour of Cancell's Bergamot. Succeeds well on the quince, and forms a healthy pyramid. Oct. - - - - -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Duc de Nemours (Van Mons). 1. qual., 2. size, a new, hardy, melting pear, which forms a handsome pyramid on the quince. Dec. - - - - -	2 0	3 6		2 0		
Dunmore (Knight). 2. qual., 1. size, a very hardy pear which succeeds on the quince, double-worked, and forms a handsome pyramid. Is sometimes 1. qual. Sept. - - - - -	3 6			1 6	2 0	3 6
Elisa d'Heyst (Esperen). A new and good late, melting pear;						

PEARS—continued.

	On Quince Stocks.			On Pear Stocks.		
	Pyra- mids and Dwarfs.	Pyra- mids, root- pruned.	Dwarfs, trained.	Dwarfs.	Pyra- mids.	Dwarfs, trained.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
succeeds on the quince, double-worked, and forms a healthy pyramid. Requires a warm, light soil. March to April -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	
Emerald (Knight). 1. qual., 2. size, a very hardy, melting pear, something like Glout morceau. Succeeds on the quince, double-worked, and forms a healthy pyramid. Nov. to Dec. -	3 6			1 6	2 0	
Eyewood (Knight). 1. qual., 2. size, very hardy and robust. Succeeds on the quince, double-worked. Nov. -	3 6			1 6	2 0	3 6
Fondante d'Automne, or Belle Lucrative. 1. qual., 2. size, a delicious, melting pear, which succeeds on the quince, and forms a handsome pyramid. Oct. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Fondante de Malines (Esperen). 1. qual., 2. size, a new, hardy and excellent melting pear, which succeeds on the quince, and forms a healthy pyramid. Jan. to Feb. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	
Forelle, or Trout Pear. 1. qual., 2. size, a handsome and good pear; succeeds well on the quince, and forms a handsome pyramid. Dec. -	2 0		3 6	1 6	2 0	
Gansel's Seckle. 1. qual., 3. size, a new pear, raised by Mr. Williams, of Pitmaston, between Gansel's Bergamot and Seckle. Oct. -				2 6	2 6	
Glout morceau. 1. qual., 1. size, melting, and excellent; succeeds admirably on the quince, and forms a handsome pyramid. Dec. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Grand Soleil (Esperen). 1. qual., 1. size, a new, half-melting, late pear, which forms a healthy pyramid on the quince; requiring a warm soil and situation. Dec. -	2 0			2 0		
Gratioli of Jersey, or Norris's. 1. qual., 2. size, a melting pear, of honeyed sweetness; succeeds well on the quince, and forms a healthy pyramid. Oct. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	
Hacon's Incomparable. 1. qual., 1. size, a delicious, melting, hardy pear, but slow in coming into bearing even on the quince, on which it forms a healthy pyramid. Dec. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Inconnue (Van Mons). 1. qual., 2. size, very hardy, melting, and good; succeeds on the quince, and forms a healthy pyramid. Feb. -	2 0		3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Jalousie de Fontenay Vendée. 1. qual., 2. size, a delicious, early, melting pear; succeeds on the quince, and forms a healthy pyramid. Aug., Sept. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	
Jargonelle. 1. qual., 1. size, a well-known and excellent variety; succeeds on the quince, but better as a bush or espalier than as a pyramid. Aug. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Jean de Witt. 1. qual., 2. size, a good, hardy, late, melting pear; succeeds on the quince, double-worked, and forms a handsome pyramid. Feb. -	3 6	3 6		1 6	2 0	3 6
Josephine de Malines (Esperen). 1. qual., 2. size, one of our most delicious, late, melting pears, with a rich, aromatic flavour, forms a healthy pyramid on the quince. Feb. to May. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	2 0	2 0	3 6
King Edward's. 1. qual., 1. size, very large, handsome, and good, forms a healthy pyramid on the quince. Sept. and Oct. -	2 0			1 6	2 0	
Laure de Glymes. 1. qual., 1. size, a new, hardy, melting pear, from the collection of the late Van Mons, succeeds well on the quince, and forms a very handsome pyramid. Oct. -	3 6			2 6		
Louise bonne of Jersey. 1. qual., 1. size, handsome, melting, and excellent. Every one possessing a garden of six square feet should plant a tree of this variety on the quince, on which it forms a very handsome pyramid. Oct. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Maréchal de Cour (Van Mons). 1. qual., 1. size, a new and fine pear. It was the expressed opinion of Van Mons that "this was the best pear he ever raised." Forms a healthy pyramid on the quince. Nov. -	2 0		3 6	2 0	2 0	
Marie Louise. 1. qual., 1. size, a well-known melting pear of the highest excellence. Succeeds well on the quince, double-worked, and forms a most prolific but rather a delicate pyramid. Oct., Nov. -	3 6		3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Melon de Namur. 1. qual., 1. size, a very fine and handsome pear,						

PEARS—continued.

	On Quince Stocks.			On Pear Stocks.		
	Pyra- mids and Dwarfs.	Pyra- mids, root- pruned.	Dwarfs, trained.	Dwarfs.	Pyra- mids.	Dwarfs, trained.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
exceedingly juicy and agreeable. Succeeds on the quince, bears well, and forms a healthy pyramid. Aug., Sept. -	2 0			1 6		
Mignonne d'Hiver. 1. qual., 3. size, a new, hardy, melting pear, which bears abundantly. Feb. -	3 6			2 6		
Monarch (Knight's). 1. qual., 1. size, hardy, melting, and excellent; slow in bearing. Succeeds on the quince, double-worked, and forms a delicate pyramid, but grows slowly. Jan. -	3 6			1 6	2 0	3 6
Napoleon. 1. qual., 1. size, a well-known melting pear, very full of juice. Succeeds on the quince, and forms a healthy pyramid. Nov. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Nelis, Winter, or Nelis d'Hiver. 1. qual., 3. size. The Winter Nelis is one of our most delicious winter pears, rich, melting, and excellent. Succeeds on the quince, bears well, and forms a healthy, nice pyramid. Jan. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Ne plus Meuris. 1. qual., 2. size, a valuable, hardy, late, melting pear, sometimes keeping till May. Vigorous on the pear, and succeeds on the quince, double-worked, but grows slowly. March to April -	3 6			1 6	2 0	3 6
Nouveau Poiteau (Van Mons). 1. qual., 1. size, a large and fine melting pear, which quite dissolves in the mouth. Succeeds well on the quince, and forms a vigorous, healthy pyramid. Nov. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	2 0	2 0	
Onondaga, or Swan's Orange. 1. qual., 1. size, a new, melting pear from America, "hardier than even the Williams's Bon Chrétien." Succeeds on the quince, and forms a healthy pyramid. Oct. -	2 0			1 6	2 0	
Orpheline d'Enghien. (Soldat Laboureur of the French.) 1. qual., 2. size, a delicious, vinous, melting pear, the fruit like Beurré d'Arenberg, the tree slightly different in habit, but not worth keeping distinct -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Passé Colmar Doré. 1. qual., 1. size. Of the two varieties of this pear, the gris and doré, this is the largest and best. Succeeds well on the quince, and forms a fine prolific handsome pyramid. Dec. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Poire Pêche (Esperen). 1. qual., 1. size, an excellent melting new autumn pear; said to have the flavour of the peach. Succeeds on the quince, and forms a healthy pyramid. Oct. -	2 0			2 0	2 0	
Pius the 9th. 1. qual., 1. size, a new hardy pear, from the collection the late Van Mons. Melting, sugary, and highly perfumed without being musky, forms a healthy pyramid on the quince. e. Sept. -	3 6			2 6		
Prévost. 1. qual., 2. size, a new hardy pear, from the collection of the late Van Mons. Melting, sugary, and highly perfumed, forms a handsome vigorous pyramid on the quince. e. Dec. to March -	3 6			2 6		
Rousselet Enfant Prodigue. 1. qual., 2. size, rich, melting, and excellent. Nov. -	2 0			2 0	2 0	
St. Denis. 1. qual., 1. size, a good melting early pear, with slight Noyau flavour. Succeeds well on the quince, and forms a healthy pyramid. Aug. -	2 0	3 6		1 6	2 0	
St. Germain. 1. qual., 1. size, a very old and excellent melting pear; succeeds well on the quince, and bears profusely. Requires a wall, or, as a pyramid, a warm soil and situation. Jan. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Seckle. 1. qual., 3. size, a small and highly-perfumed, melting pear, from America; bears profusely, as a pyramid on the pear. Sept. -				1 6	2 0	3 6
Shobden Court (Knight). 1. qual., 2. size, a very hardy, rich, sugary, melting pear; succeeds on the quince, double-worked, and forms a healthy pyramid. Jan., Feb. -	3 6			1 6	2 0	3 6
Soldat d'Esperen (Esperen). 1. qual., 1. size, a new and good, half-melting, late pear; succeeds admirably on the quince, and forms a handsome pyramid. Dec. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	
Suffolk Thorn. 1. qual., 2. size, a seedling from Gansel's Bergamot, melting, hardy, and excellent; succeeds on the quince, double-worked, but grows slowly. Oct. -	3 6			1 6	2 0	3 6

PEARS—continued.

	On Quince Stocks.			On Pear Stocks.		
	Pyra- mids and Dwarfs.	Pyra- mids, root- pruned.	Dwarfs, trained.	Dwarfs.	Pyra- mids.	Dwarfs, trained.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Susette de Bavay (Esperen). 1. qual., 3. size, a new, hardy, excel- lent late pear; in a warm season and situation, melting; other- wise, half-melting, but always good; succeeds well on the quince, and forms naturally a handsome and prolific pyramid; deserves a wall in cool climates. March to May -	2 0	3 6	3 6	2 0	2 0	3 6
Thompson's. 1. qual., 2. size, a delicious, high-flavoured, melting pear; succeeds on the quince, double-worked, and bears pro- fusely, but is more healthy on the pear. Nov. -	3 6			1 6	2 0	3 6
Triomphe de Jodoigne (Bouvier). 1. qual., 1. size, a new and very large, melting pear; succeeds well on the quince, and forms a healthy pyramid, but is better as an espalier or bush on account of the large size of its fruit. Dec. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Urbaniste. 1. qual., 2. size, a delicious melting pear. Succeeds on the quince, and forms a handsome pyramid, Nov. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Van Assche. 1. qual., 1. size, remarkably handsome and very good. Forms a healthy pyramid on the quince. Nov. -	3 6			2 6	2 6	
Van Mons (Leon le Clerc). 1. qual., 1. size, "dedicated" to Van Mons by Leon le Clerc, who raised it from seed; large and excel- lent; succeeds on the quince, and forms a handsome pyramid, but requires a sheltered situation. Oct. -	2 0	3 6	3 6	1 6	2 0	3 6
Yat. 1. qual., 2. size, a Dutch pear, melting, and of a very high perfumed flavour. Sept. -				1 6	2 0	
Zephirin Gregoire. 1. qual., 2. size, a new, hardy, late, excellent melting pear. Forms a handsome pyramid, either on the quince or pear. Jan. to March -	3 6				3 6	

There are a few very new sorts of pears, selected from nearly 200 varieties received within the last two years, likely to prove of value; among them Prince Albert, much like Beurré Rance, but said to be of higher flavour, and to keep longer: trees, 10s. 6d. each. Beurré Bachelier, very large: trees, 5s. each. Leopold I., Vineuse d'Esperen, Rousselon, very late, and Beurré Clairgeau; these are all free growers on the quince, and promise well; the latter in particular is large, very good, and handsome; trees of all are 5s. each. The "Blanc Ferné" of Langelier is Leon le Clerc de Laval; his Beurré d'Hiver is Beurré Gris d'Hiver Nouveau.

BAKING AND STEWING PEARS.

Bellissime d'Hiver. Large; very handsome and of good quality; tree forms naturally a compact beautiful pyramid. April.
Bon Chrétien, Turc or Flemish. Large and good; forms a handsome pyramid on the quince. March.
Catillac. Very large; excellent; forms a vigorous healthy pyramid on the quince, but is better as a bush or espalier, on account of its large fruit. February.
Chaptal. Large; keeps well; forms a healthy pyramid on the quince. April.
Leon le Clerc de Laval. Large; handsome and excellent; often half melting, and agreeable to eat; forms a healthy pyramid on the quince. April to June.
Passe Tardive. Medium size; good; often tender and agreeable late in spring. June.
Poire d'Avril. Large, crisp and juicy; forms a healthy pyramid on the quince. April.
Saint Lezin. Large and handsome; forms a healthy pyramid on the quince. Oct.
Summer Compote. A large and good summer baking pear; forms a healthy pyramid on the quince. Aug.
Uvedale's Saint Germain. Enormously large, often weighs from two to three pounds; forms a healthy pyramid on the quince, but is better as a bush or espalier. May.
Vicar of Winkfield. Large; very handsome: forms a very handsome pyramid on the quince. Reckoned by some a dessert pear. Dec. to Jan.

PRICES OF TREES.

Pear trees on quince stocks as bushes for pot culture, or full of bloom buds, are 2s. 6d. each.
 Young pyramidal pear trees of all those priced 2s. each, can be had at 18s. per dozen if required.
 Pyramidal and other trees of the baking pears are sold at the same price as the other leading varieties, viz. from 1s. 6d. to 3s. 6d. each.

SELECT APPLES.

THE DESCRIPTIVE COLUMNS EXPLAIN —

1. *The Quality* — 1. First-rate, or finest; 2. Second-rate, or good.
2. *The average Size* — 1. Large; 2. Middle size; 3. Small.
3. *The Use* — T for table, or dessert fruit; K kitchen. Some few varieties are eligible for both purposes; these have both letters.
4. *Usual Season* — This varies according to soil and summer heat.

Those with (A) are American varieties.

Name.	Quality.	Size.	Use.	Season.	Remarks.
Alfreton - - -	1		K	Mar.	Very large and heavy, and keeps well.
Ashmead's Kernel - - -	1	2	T	Nov. May	
Astrachan, Red - - -	1	1	T	Aug.	Beautiful and very good.
Beauchampwell - - -	1	3	T	Dec. Mar.	"An excellent table fruit."
Beauty of Kent - - -	1	1	K	Jan.	
Bedfordshire Foundling - - -	1	1	K	Mar.	"Very handsome, large, and excellent."
Bess Pool - - -	1	1	K T	May	Forms a tree of the largest size.
Blenheim Pippin - - -	1	1	K T	Nov.	A vigorous grower, soon forms a large tree.
Brabant Belle Fleur - - -	1	1	K	April	"An excellent sort."
Brickley Seedling - - -	1	3	T	April	
Calville Blanche - - -	1	1	K	Dec. Mar.	A favourite French apple for tarts or compotes.
Calville Malingre - - -	1	1	K	Jan.	"Great bearer, and keeps well."
Codlin, Dutch - - -	1	1	K	Sept.	
Codlin, Keswick - - -	1	1	K	Oct.	This and the following bear most abundantly, and come into use very early in the season.
Codlin, Manks - - -	1	1	K	Nov.	
Cornish Aromatic - - -	1	1	T	Dec.	
Cornish Gilliflower - - -	1	2	T	May.	Unless worked on the paradise stock, this is a shy bearer.
Court-pendu Plat - - -	1	2	T	June	"An excellent bearer, blossoms late."
Court of Wick, or Golden Drop - - -	1	3	T	Feb.	A handsome and good variety.
Duke of Glo'ster (Hunt's) - - -	1	3	T	Nov. Mar.	
Dumelow's Seedling, or Wellington - - -	1	1	K	Mar.	Extensively known as Normanton Wonder, an excellent kitchen fruit.
Dutch Fulwood - - -	1	1	K	Dec. May	
Dutch Mignonne - - -	1	2	K T	April	"Great bearer and first-rate."
Early Harvest (A) - - -	1	2	T	Aug.	
Early Joe (A) - - -	1	2	T	Sept.	
Early Julien - - -	1	2	K	Aug.	
Early Strawberry (A) - - -	1	1	T	July	
Emperor Alexander - - -	1	1	K	Oct.	Very large, handsome, and good. A favourite in Russia, where it grows to a monstrous size, and is sold at a high price.
Fearn's Pippin - - -	1	2	K	April	
Forfar Pippin - - -	1	3	T	Jan. June	Excellent, very late.
French Crab, or Easter Pippin - - -	2	2	K	Two years.	
Golden Drop (Coe's) - - -	1	3	T	Mar.	A delicious apple, and most abundant bearer.
Golden Harvey, or Brandy Apple - - -	1	3	T	April	"Exceedingly rich."
Golden Pippin - - -	1	3	T	Jan.	Grafted on the paradise stock this will still succeed; it well deserves extra care.
Golden Pippin (Hughes's) - - -	1	3	T	Feb.	"Deserves high recommendation."
Golden Pippin, Scarlet - - -	1	3	T	Nov. April	A variety from Essex, very late and good.
Golden Pippin, Screveton - - -	1	3	T	May	
Golden Pippin, Summer - - -	1	3	T	Aug.	"An excellent summer dessert apple."
Gooseberry Apple - - -	1	1	K	Mar. May	Brisk and peculiar flavour. A favourite in Covent Garden market.
Gravenstein - - -	1	1	K T	Nov.	Very large, flesh tender and juicy.
Greaves's Pippin - - -	1	1	K	April	
Haggerstone Pippin - - -	1	3	T	May	
Hambledon deux Ans - - -	1	1	K T	May.	"A valuable sort for late keeping."

APPLES — *continued.*

Name.	Quality.	Size.	Use.	Season.	Remarks.
Hawthornden, New - -	1	1	K	Dec. Jan.	Fruit larger and keeps longer than the old sort, habit of tree more robust.
Hawthornden - - -	1	1	K	Aug. Nov.	Bears very early and most abundantly.
Hoskreiger - - -	1	1	T K	May	Excellent, a good bearer.
Juneating, Red, or Early Red					
Margaret - - -	1	2	T	July	"One of the best early apples."
Juneating, White - -	1	3	T	July	"A handsome early apple."
Keddlestone Pippin - -	1	3	T	Mar. May	High flavoured and excellent.
Kentish Pippin, or Vaun's Pippin	1	2	K	April	
Kerry Pippin - - -	1	3	T	Sept	An excellent autumn dessert apple.
King of the Pippins - -	1	2	K T	Nov.	A "good bearer and very handsome."
Lady Apple, or Pomme d'Api -	1	3	T	April	Remarkably handsome.
Large Yellow Bough (A) -	1	1	K	Aug.	
Leyden Pippin - - -	1	2	T	Aug. Sept.	A great bearer and a good early apple.
Little Herbert - - -	1	2	T	May	A favourite Gloucestershire variety.
London Pippin - - -	1	2	K	Mar.	
Maclean's Favourite - -	1	2	T	Oct. Jan.	"Of the highest excellence."
Margil - - -	1	3	T	Nov.	"Good bearer, approaches the Ribston Pippin in flavour."
Melon Apple (A) - - -	1	1	T	Feb.	This is a delicious, soft, juicy apple, very rich and high flavoured.
Mère de Ménage - - -	1	1	K	Dec.	Very large.
Moss's Incomparable - -	1	1	T K	April, June	A good apple, very late keeper.
Newtown Pippin (A) - -	1	1	T K	April	
Newtown Pippin, Yellow (A) -	1	1	T K	Dec. Mar.	More hardy than the preceding.
Nonesuch - - -	1	2	K	Oct.	
Nonpareil (Braddick's) - -	1	3	T	Feb.	"Very good, and keeps sound."
Nonpareil, Downton - -	1	2	T	April	"Sharp rich flavour."
Nonpareil, Early - - -	1	3	T	Oct.	Has been in this nursery more than a century; flesh tender, juicy, and aromatic.
Nonpareil, Flat - - -	1	3	T	Jan. April	
Nonpareil, Golden - - -	1	3	T	Jan.	
Nonpareil, Old - - -	1	3	T	April	"Peculiar and excellent flavour;" bears well grafted on the paradise stock.
Nonpareil, Pitmaston Russet	1	2	T	Feb.	"Exceedingly brisk and rich."
Nonpareil, Redding's - -	1	3	T	Dec. Mar.	
Nonpareil, Ross - - -	1	3	T	Jan.	"Fenouillet flavour."
Nonpareil, Scarlet - - -	1	2	T	Jan.	
Nonpareil, Stubton - - -	1	3	T	Jan. Mar.	"Rich and sugary."
Nonpareil, White - - -	1	2	T	Dec. Feb.	
Norfolk Bearer - - -	1	1	K	Dec. Mar.	Hardy, a profuse bearer.
Norfolk Beaufin - - -	1	1	K	April	"Excellent for drying."
Northern Greening - - -	1	2	K	May	"Keeps sound without shrivelling."
Northern Spy (A) - - -	1	1	T	April, June	A new delicious melting variety, from America.
Oslin - - -	1	2	T	Sept. Oct.	
Padley's Pippin - - -	1	3	T	Jan.	
Peach Apple, Irish - - -	1	2	T	Aug.	"An excellent early apple."
Peach Apple, Winter - -	1	1	T	May	In May and June excellent, flesh tender, juicy, and easy of digestion.
Pearmain (Baxter's) - -	1	2	K T	Dec. Mar.	
Pearmain, Claygate - -	1	2	T	Nov. Mar.	
Pearmain (Grange's) - -	1	1	T	Nov. Feb.	
Pearmain, Herefordshire -	1	1	K T	May	"An old and very excellent sort."
Pearmain, Hormead - - -	1	1	K	April	Large and very good.
Pearmain (Hubbard's) - -	1	3	T	April	"Very rich."
Pearmain, Lamb Abbey - -	1	2	T	April	Keeps well without shrivelling.
Pearmain (Mannington's) -	1	1	T K	Nov. May	Of the highest excellence.
Pearmain, Scarlet - - -	1	2	T	Oct.	Very handsome, a good bearer.
Pearson's Plate - - -	1	3	T	Mar.	Handsome and excellent dessert apple.
Pennington's Seedling - -	1	2	T	Mar.	"An excellent variety."
Pomme Royale - - -	1	1	K T	April	
Prince Albert - - -	1	3	T	May	
Princess Royal (Hulbert's) -	1	3	T	May	A seedling from Golden Harvey; larger, flesh more tender, and equally rich.
Quarrenden, Devonshire -	1	2	T	Sept.	
Quatford Aromatic - - -	1	3	T	Dec.	Rich, aromatic flavour.
Reinette Blanche d'Espagne -	1	1	K	Nov. Mar.	One of the largest sized apples.

APPLES—continued.

Name.	Quality.	Size.	Use.	Season.	Remarks.	
Reinette de Bretagne	-	1	2	T K	Jan. May	"Good bearer, and, though large, of fine quality even as a dessert fruit;" in May and June juicy and excellent.
Reinette de Doué	-	1	1	K	Jan. May	
Reinette du Canada	-	1	1	K T	Mar. May	
Reinette, Golden	-	1	2	T	Nov.	A very old and most excellent variety.
Reinette Grise dorée	-	1	3	T	April	Resembles the Golden Pippin, but keeps much longer.
Reinette Van Mons	-	1	3	T	Jan. May	Excellent, rich, and aromatic.
Ribston Pippin	-	1	2	K T	Dec.	"Ought to be in every collection."
Ribston Pippin, Spring *	-	1	1	T	May, June	One of the richest and most sugary of apples.
Rostocker	-	1	1	K	June	
Russet, Boston	-	1	2	T K	Mar.	"Of excellent quality, with Ribston Pippin flavour."
Russet, Golden	-	1	3	T	Jan.	Flesh yellow, tender, aromatic, and exceedingly rich.
Russet, Pine Apple	-	1	1	T	Oct.	
Russet, Pitmaston	-	1	3	T	Dec. Feb.	Not handsome, but very rich.
Russet, Royal	-	1	1	K	Feb.	Excellent, and particularly deserving of cultivation.
Russet, Syke House	-	1	3	T	Jan.	
Rymer or Caldwell's Keeper	-	1	1	K	June	"Keeps very firm, and contains a brisk, sharp juice."
Sam Young	-	1	3	T	Jan.	"Rich, and high-flavoured."
Selina or Cellini	-	1	1	K	Oct. Dec.	
South Carolina Pippin	-	1	1	K	Dec.	Very large.
Striped Reefing	-	1	1	K	Oct. May	Excellent, great bearer, and one of the best late apples, either for dessert or kitchen, known.
Sturmer Pippin	-	1	2	T	June	
Tower of Glammis	-	1	1	K	Nov. Feb.	"Excellent, heavy kitchen apple."
Victoria (Hulbert's)	-	1	3	T	April, May	Rich and excellent.
Wadhurst Pippin	-	1	1	K	Oct. Feb.	"Excellent kitchen apple."
Waltham Abbey Seedling	-	1	1	K	Dec.	"Large and handsome, requires but little sugar."
Warner's King	-	1	1	K	Dec. April	Very large, keeps well.
Winter Colman	-	1	2	K	Nov. April	"Tree hardy, not subject to the attacks of insects."
Winter Majetin	-	1	1	K	April	
Wormsley Pippin	-	1	2	K T	Dec.	Excellent bearer.
Wyken Pippin	-	1	3	T	Dec.	A favourite in Warwickshire, and deservedly so; flesh tender and aromatic.
Yorkshire Greening	-	1	1		Jan.	

Many of the American apples have a soft, melting, yet juicy texture, very agreeable to those with delicate stomachs: this is, perhaps, owing to the warmth of their summers. The Melon Apple, Northern Spy, and the Newtown Pippins are really delicious apples, and quite deserve a trial on a south wall, although they are hardy, and will bear well as pyramids. This form is highly eligible for gardens, as their culture is so easy and agreeable, and so many trees may be grown in a small space. My specimen quarter contains 350 sorts, — one plant of each, — and yet only occupies 350 square yards. The trees are planted $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart, row from row, and $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart in the rows, and biennially removed in November.

PRICES OF TREES.

	s.	d.
Standards for Orchards -	1	6 each
Upright or Pyramidal Trees on the Paradise stock -	1	6 "
Dwarfs on the Paradise stock -	1	6 "
Do. do. in pots -	2	0 "
Dwarfs trained for Espaliers on Paradise stocks -	2	6 "
Dwarfs on crab stocks -	1	0 "

* I received this apple from Chelmsford under this name; but I now find that it has been re-christened as the Baddow Pippin.

APRICOTS.

The time of ripening is not given in the following Catalogue, as it varies so much in different localities : they may reckoned in season from the end of July till September.

- Alberge.** Small ; round ; useful for preserving ; very hardy ; bears as a pyramid if biennially removed : the trees are raised from seed, and not budded on the plum.
- Alsace (2s. 6d.).** Very large ; rich and juicy ; one of the Moor Park family : tree robust and hardy.
- Blenheim or Shipley.** Medium size ; juicy and excellent : ripens ten or twelve days before the Moor Park : the tree is very hardy, and not liable to gum.
- Breda.** Small ; round ; not very juicy, but vinous and agreeable : this and the Alberge are the only kinds that succeed in England as standards in the open air.
- Hemskirke.** Large ; rich and juicy ; very nearly allied to the Moor Park : the tree is, perhaps, a little hardier.
- Kaisha (2s. 6d.).** Medium size ; juicy, sweet, and agreeable ; flesh transparent, like that of the Musch Musch : ripens only a few days earlier than the Moor Park.
- Large Red, or Gros Rouge.** Large, juicy, and rich ; skin of rather a deeper colour than the Moor Park ; the tree hardier.
- Large Early.** Large ; juicy, but not very rich ; valuable for its earliness only, as it is the first full sized apricot that ripens.
- Moor Park.** Large ; juicy, rich, and excellent ; one of the best.
- Musch Musch.** Small ; juicy, and rich ; ripens before the Kaisha ; flesh transparent : a very nice early apricot.
- Peach or Gros Pêche.** Very large ; rich and juicy ; distinct from the Moor Park in its foliage and habit : it will not grow budded on the same stock : one of the finest of apricots.
- Roman or Gros Commun.** Large ; rather dry, but hardy : a most abundant bearer, and useful for preserving.
- Royal.** Large ; rich, and juicy : ripens just before the Moor Park, and is a valuable, hardy sort.
- St. Ambroise (3s. 6d.).** Large ; juicy, and agreeable ; fruit a little pointed : this ripens two or three days after the Large Early, and is one of the finest early apricots known.
- Tardive d'Orléans (2s. 6d.).** Large, juicy and good : ripens a week or ten days after the Moor Park.
- Turkey.** Large ; rich, and good : ripens just after Moor Park.
- Viard (2s. 6d.).** Large ; rich, juicy, excellent ; a variety of the peach apricot : tree hardy.

There are a few other kinds of apricots which are better adapted for pot culture than for walls ; viz. the Red Masculine, a nice little apricot, the earliest of all. Alberge de Montgamet ; small, early, and very good. Dwarf Syrian, which seems much like the Moor Park. The orange apricot is a sort grown on walls, but it is dry, and only fit for preserving.

PRICES OF TREES.

	s.	d.	
Standards - - - - -	2	6	each.
Ditto, trained for walls - - - - -	5s. to	7	6 "
Dwarfs, except those sorts priced - - - - -	1	6	"
Ditto, trained for walls - - - - -	3s. 6d. to	5	0 "
Ditto, in pots, largest trees - - - - -	-	5	0 "
Ditto, second size* - - - - -	-	3	6 "
Ditto, bushes for potting - - - - -	-	2	6 "
Pyramids of the Alberge - - - - -	-	2	6 "

SELECT CHERRIES.

In the following select list, only those that have been well proved are inserted. Many other varieties are cultivated, trees of which can be had. All the varieties of the May Duke and Morello tribe make very prolific bushes when grafted on the Mahaleb (*Cerasus Mahaleb*). They should be planted in rows, and removed biennially ; they may then be covered with netting with great facility. Haythorn's octagonal netting is the best material, as it excludes flies and wasps.

To obtain cherries very early, such sorts as Belle d'Orleans, early Purple Guigne, and one or two others, should be planted against south walls ; for other cherries, walls with a N. W. or S. E. aspect do very well.

Archduke. Large ; very rich and good ; ripens eight or ten days after the May Duke ; tree rather pendulous when old : forms a prolific bush,—the finest of the Duke cherries.

Bauman's May. Medium size ; a very early heart cherry : ripens ten days before the May Duke.

* These, although smaller trees, are full of bloom buds ; as are the trees, at the same price, of peaches and nectarines.

CHERRIES—continued.

- Belle de Choisy.** Large; sweet and very agreeable: a Duke cherry; tree a luxuriant grower: forms a large bush on the Mahaleb, and requires biennial removal.
- Belle d'Orléans.** Large; sweet, and very good: the earliest of all cherries, and ought to be in every collection.
- Belle Magnifique (2s. 6d.).** Very large; subacid, and excellent; of the Morello tribe: forms a fine bush on the Mahaleb, and also deserves a wall. Aug. and Sept.
- Bigarreau.** Large and excellent; a most abundant bearer: ripens about the third week in July.
- Bigarreau de Hildersheim.** Medium size; sweet and agreeable: very late,—will hang till the end of September.
- Bigarreau de Hollande.** Large; rich, and very good; ripens ten or twelve days after the Bigarreau.
- Bigarreau gros Cœur.** Very large; rich, and excellent; flesh firm: one of the finest of the Bigarraus.
- Bigarreau monstreux de Mézel.** Large; flesh firm and rich: a great bearer.
- Bigarreau Napoleon.** Large; rich and good; much like, if not the same as Bigarreau d'Esperen: a most abundant bearer.
- Bigarreau, White.*** Large; very rich and excellent; this does not commence to bear so young as the Bigarreau: a very fine cherry.
- Black Eagle.** Medium size; a very nice rich cherry: a great bearer.
- Black Tartarian.** Very large; sweet and good: a noble looking cherry: tree a great bearer.
- Büttner's October Morello.** Medium size; acid, and very late: forms a very handsome bush, but *must be removed biennially*, as it grows so freely.
- Carnation, Coe's Late.** Large; very late, but a most agreeable subacid cherry in August and September; forms a pretty bush on the Mahaleb.
- Downer's Late Red.** Medium size; ripe, end of July; juicy and agreeable: an American variety: useful.
- Downton.** Very large; rich and excellent: tree inclined to be pendulous.
- Early Amber Heart.** Large; rich and sugary: ripens just after Belle d'Orléans.
- Early Purple Guigne.** Medium size; juicy, sweet, and good; requires a wall, and ripens very nearly as early as Belle d'Orléans.
- Elton.** Very large; very rich and excellent; tree inclined to be pendulous: ripens eight or ten days before the Bigarreau.
- Florence.†** Large; flesh very firm, but not very late; will hang till the end of August, or even later, protected from flies and wasps: this makes a nice bush on the Mahaleb.
- Griotte de Chaux.** Large; subacid, very juicy and agreeable: forms a fine prolific bush on the Mahaleb.
- Jeffrey's Duke.** Medium size; sweet, juicy, and good: tree forms a most compact bush on the Mahaleb.
- Kentish.** Medium size; acid; useful for culinary purposes: the tree is a most abundant bearer, and soon forms a prolific bush on the Mahaleb.
- Knight's Early Black.** Large; tender, juicy, and rich: a fine early cherry: ripens just after the early Purple Guigne.
- Late Duke.** Large; subacid, and most agreeable when fully ripe; will hang with care till late in September: it forms a fine bush on the Mahaleb.
- May Duke.** Large; juicy, rich, and excellent: forms a most prolific bush, on which, with Haythorn's netting, the fruit may be kept in perfection for some weeks.
- Monstreuse de Jodoigne (2s. 6d.).** Very large; rich and juicy: a new variety, which ripens towards the end of July.
- Morello.** Large; acid, and very useful for the kitchen: for north aspects it is very valuable, and also forms a prolific bush on the Mahaleb.
- Reine Hortense.** Very large; with a refreshing sweetness: forms a fine bush, but does not bear profusely.
- Royal Duke.** Large; very juicy and agreeable: succeeds the May Duke: forms a compact prolific bush on the Mahaleb.
- Sparhawk's Honey.** Medium size; sweet and very good: American, and a great favourite in America.
- Werder's Early Black.** Large; juicy, sweet, and good: an excellent early cherry.

The following are new varieties which are likely to prove valuable:—

- Augustine de Vigny.** A sweet cherry, ripening in September. (5s. each.)
- Belle Agathe.** A full sized, sweet, soft cherry, of the Guigne family, ripening in October. (10s. 6d. each.)
- Abbesse d'Oignies.** A very large Griotte cherry, ripening in August. (5s. each.) Nouvelle Royale, between the Late and May Duke, ripening after the latter. (5s. each.)

PRICES OF TREES.

	s.	d.
Standards	-	2 0 each.
Dwarfs, on the Cherry stock, except those sorts priced	-	1 6 "
Dwarfs, grafted on the Cerasus Mahaleb, so as to form dwarf prolific bushes, or for potting	-	2 6 "
Ditto ditto larger trees, in a bearing state	-	3 6 "
Ditto, trained for espaliers or walls	-	3 6 "
Ditto, in pots in a bearing state	-	3 6 "

* This and the Early Amber Heart succeed well on the Mahaleb, and form nice bushes.

† This is the Bigarreau sold in the streets, often very cheaply. An old tree of this variety exists here in the last stage of decay, but it still bears very fine fruit. The tradition is that the scion which produced it was given to my grandfather by Baron Dimsdale, who brought it from Russia on his return from inoculating the Empress Catherine.

C U R R A N T S.

Black Naples (6d. each). Very large and good.

Black Ogden's. Large and good: the tree hardier than the preceding.

Cherry (6d. each). Very large, the largest red currant; bunches short: early and very good.

Houghton Castle or *Victoria*. An excellent late red currant, and a most abundant bearer.

La Fertile (1s. 6d. each). Red, large; and a most prodigious bearer.

La Hatire (1s. 6d. each). A new very early red currant, from France: excellent.

La Versaillaise (1s. each). Red; very large and good: abundant bearer.

Red Dutch. Bunches short; this is a sweet, rich, and good currant.

Red Dutch, Long Bunched. Bunches very long; berries large: later than the preceding.

Red Grape. Berries large; bunches very long: too acid.

Red, Knight's early (6d. each). Early, and very good.

Red, Knight's large (6d. each). Berries large; bunches long.

Red, Knight's sweet (6d. each). Less acid than most sorts.

Transparent White (1s. 6d. each) (*Blanc Transparent*). A new French currant; bunches long; berries large, nearly amber coloured: excellent.

White Dutch. A well known and good sort.

White Grape (6d. each). Berries large and pale; bunches very long.

There are some new currants exclusive of those described above, but they have not proved worthy of notice: such as *Precoce de Tours*, which is not early; *Attractor*, which is merely a *White Dutch* currant with divided leaves. *Prince Albert* is the *Transparent White*.

PRICE OF TREES.—4s. per doz. except those priced.

F I G S.

Angelique. Medium size; pale greenish-yellow; not very rich: forces well, and bears abundantly.

Black Ischia. Medium size; dark purple; very rich and good: tree hardy.

Brown Ischia. Medium size; brown; rich, and very good.

Brown Turkey, or *Lee's Perpetual*. Brownish purple; large; rich and excellent: bears most abundantly, and forces well.

Brunswick. Brownish purple; very large and good; well adapted for walls: does not force well.

Early Violet. Brownish purple; small; very hardy, and bears abundantly: often gives three crops in one season, in the forcing house.

Fig d'Or. Bronzy yellow; very large, the largest; very rich and excellent: forces well.

Pregussata. Dark brown; small; rich and good: forces well.

White Ischia. Pale yellow; small; very sweet and rich: the tree dwarf, and a most abundant bearer.

White Marseilles. Large; greenish white; of the most luscious sweetness; bears abundantly, and forces well. This, the *Brown Turkey*, the *Early Violet*, and *White Ischia*, are well adapted for pot culture in orchard houses; a most interesting mode of cultivating figs.

P R I C E S O F T R E E S.

	s.	d.
Figs, in pots - - - - -	2	6 each.
do. do. in a bearing state - - - - -	3	6 "

G O O S E B E R R I E S.

OLD VARIETIES, WITH SMALL HIGH-FLAVOURED BERRIES.

Black Damson.

Champagne, large, pale, very good.

Champagne, Red, of unequalled richness.

Champagne, White.

Champagne, Yellow; excellent.

Coe's Late Red; very late and good.

Early Green Hairy, or *Green Gage*; early and good.

Early Red, *Wilmot's*.

Golden Drop, or *Early Sulphur*; the earliest.

Green Gage, *Pitmaston*; smooth, high-flavoured.

Ironmonger.

Keen's Seedling; good bearer, earlier than *Warrington*.

Old Rough Red; excellent for preserving.

Rumbullion; great bearer, much grown for bottling.

Terry's Late Red.

Warrington Red; one of the best late varieties.

GOOSEBERRIES—continued.

RED GOOSEBERRIES.*Lancashire Prize Sorts.*

<i>Atlas</i> ; late.	Freeholder; late.	Overall; late.	<i>Tiger</i> ; very early.
<i>Banks's London</i> ; very large.	Guido; very large.	Pastime; early.	Top Marker.
Chadwick's Sportsman.	Huntsman; early.	Prince Albert; early.	Top Sawyer; late.
<i>Crown Bob</i> .	<i>Hopley's Companion</i> .	Prince Regent; early.	Young Wonderful.
Echo; late.	Lancashire Lad.	Roaring Lion; late.	Yaxley Hero.
Emperor.	Miss Bold.	Shakspeare (Dennis').	

WHITE GOOSEBERRIES.*Lancashire Prize Sorts.*

Bonny Lass.	Nailer.	<i>Sheba's Queen</i> .	<i>Wandering Girl</i> ; late.
Eagle.	<i>Ostrich</i> ; early.	Smiling Beauty.	Wellington's Glory.
Fleur-de-Lis.	Princess Royal.	Snowball; late.	<i>Whitesmith</i> ; early.
Freedom.	Queen Caroline.	Tallyho, Riley's.	White Lion.
Lady Delamere.			

GREEN GOOSEBERRIES.*Lancashire Prize Sorts.*

<i>Angler</i> ; early.	Glenton Green.	Keepsake.	<i>Thumper</i> , Riley's; very late.
Capper's King William.	Green Mountain; late.	Massey's Heart of Oak; early.	Turkey Cock.
<i>Conquering Hero</i> ; late.	Green River; late.	Profit; late.	<i>Wistaston Hero</i> ; early.
Elijah; early.	Independent.		
Favourite.	Jolly Cutler; late.		

YELLOW GOOSEBERRIES.*Lancashire Prize Sorts.*

<i>Banks's Dublin</i> .	Golden Dart; early.	Plug out; late.	Teazer; late.
Briton.	Gunner.	Rockwood.	Two-to-One, Whittaker's early.
<i>Broom Girl</i> .	<i>Husbandman</i> ; late.	Scorpion; early.	Viper; very late.
Duck Wing; late.	<i>Marigold</i> ; early.	Sovereign; early.	
Globe.	<i>Pilot</i> ; early.		

Mixed Sorts, 4s. per dozen. Named sorts, 6s. per dozen.

SELECT GRAPES FOR VINERIES.

- Barbarossa* (5s.). Purple; berries large; bunches large, although not rich; this is a most useful late grape, keeping well all the winter.
- Black Prince*. Berries roundish oval; sweet and rich; bunch long: a good bearer and a good grape.
- Black Prince, Hamburg*. Berries roundish, oval; partakes largely of the qualities of the preceding; but the vine is more robust; the berries larger, excellent.
- Chaptal*. Berries round; white; large; juicy and sweet; bunch very large: a great bearer; adapted for pot culture; very good.
- Chasselas Musquée*, or Joslin's St. Alban's. Berries round; white; large, and very rich, with a strong muscat flavour; requires gentle fire-heat and abundance of air, and is then excellent.
- Chasselas Rose*. Berries pale red; round; large; sweet and refreshing; well adapted for pot culture: a great bearer, and very good.
- Frontignan, Grizzly*. Berries yellow, clouded with red; round; large; with a rich muscat flavour; requires fire-heat and will not ripen well in a cold vinery: excellent.
- Frontignan, White*. Berries white; round; large; with a rich muscat flavour; requires the same treatment as the preceding: excellent.
- Hamburg, Black*. Berries round; deep purple; juicy, sweet, and rich, and ripens well in a cold vinery: excellent.
- Hamburg, Mill Hill* (5s.). Purple; berries large; ripens about a month later than the preceding; a fine late grape; requires fire-heat.
- Hamburg, the Pope*. Purple; berries large; ripens about a week before the *Black Hamburg*: a useful, good grape.

SELECT GRAPES FOR VINERIES.—*continued.*

- Hamburgh, Richmond Villa (5s. each). Purple; berries large, oval, with a fine bloom, and of first-rate quality; ripens earlier than the Black Hamburgh.
- Malvasia, Early White, or Grove End Sweet Water. Berries round; juicy, sweet, and refreshing; very early even against walls; a most abundant bearer in pots: very good.
- Muscadine Royal. Berries round; large; pale amber when fully ripe; juicy, sweet, and very refreshing; bears well in vineries as well as against walls in the open air: excellent.
- Muscat, Canon Hall. Berries very large, the largest of all; oval; rich, with a fine muscat flavour; of a pale amber when ripe; requires the hothouse; does not bear well on the spur system: excellent.
- Muscat of Alexandria. Berries very large; whitish-green; oval; juicy and rich, with a fine muscat flavour; requires the hothouse: excellent.
- Purple Constantia. Berries round; purple; juicy and rich, with a piquant muscat flavour, like Black Frontignan, but berries larger, and bunch longer; imported from the Cape by the Duke of Portland: excellent.
- Raisin de Calabre. Berries round; large; white; juicy and rich: very good.
- St. Peter's (Oldaker's). Berries round; purple; large; juicy and rich; requires fire-heat, and may be kept on the vine till spring if not forced early: excellent.
- Sweet Water, Dutch. Berries round; white; large; very juicy and refreshing: very good.
- Sweet Water, Prolific. Gros Coulard of the French. Berries round; white; very large, juicy, and sweet; it sets its fruit better than the preceding; is very early, and well adapted for culture in pots: excellent.
- Syrian. Berries very large; white; oval, and sweet; bunch enormously large: a magnificent showy grape, and, when fully ripe, good.
- Trebiana (5s. each). Berries large; round; white and sweet; bunch very large; will hang on the vine in a dry, warm vinery all the winter, and is a useful grape.
- White Nice. Berries round; medium size; greenish-white; sweet and agreeable, but not rich; bunch enormous, often weighing several pounds: a great bearer.
- White Tokay. Berries large; oval; sweet and good; requires the hothouse: a most robust grower.
- White Romain. Berries medium-sized; oval; juicy and rich: a nice early grape.

The Muscat de Jesus, 10s. 6d. each, of which bunches weighing six pounds were exhibited by Mr. Fleming this summer, is a sort I found on the banks of the Loire some few years since. It requires, according to Mr. F., a good deal of heat. The Charlesworth Tokay, described in the last edition (1842) of the Horticultural Society's Catalogue proves to be the Muscat of Alexandria.

PRICES OF TREES.

Vines from eyes, established three years in pots, except those sorts priced, 3s. 6d. each.
Ditto as dwarf bushes for orchard house culture, in pots, 2s. 6d. each.

SELECT HARDY GRAPES FOR WALLS.

All the varieties in this list ripen their fruit against walls, in the open air, in all the southern counties of England. A, S. E. or S. E. by S. is the best aspect. Those recommended for pot culture are for orchard houses.

- August Muscat (2s. 6d. each). Berries slightly oval; deep purple; rich and juicy, with a slight Muscat flavour: very early: forms quite a dwarf bush in a pot.
- Burgundy, or Miller. Berries roundish oval; purple; sweet and juicy; bunch very compact; leaves hoary: one of the hardiest and best for walls.
- Cambridge Botanic Garden. Berries oval; purple; large, sweet, and juicy; bunch large, short, and compact; berries very thickly placed: it thus differs from Black Prince: excellent for pot culture.
- Early Malingre (3s. 6d. each). Berries round; white; juicy and sweet: a new French variety, very early: the earliest white grape.
- Esperione. Berries round; purple; large; sweet and juicy; bears most abundantly and is well adapted for pot culture.
- Macready's Early White, or Blanche; also Lashmar's Seedling. Berries oval; green; very juicy and refreshing; skin thin: an excellent hardy grape.
- Madeleine Noir, or Black July. Berries round; purple; sweet: very early.
- Mignonne White Cluster. Berries round; small; sweet and juicy: a pretty little early grape, and an abundant bearer.
- Nice Cluster. Berries oval; purple; juicy and sweet: raised by Mr. Williams of Pitmaston: very hardy, and a great bearer.
- Pitmaston White Cluster. Berries round; sweet and juicy; bunch compact: an excellent hardy grape.
- Purple Fontainbleau (2s. 6d. each). Berries oval; light purple; sweet and juicy; very hardy: a prodigious bearer, and well adapted for pot culture.
- Scotch White Cluster. Berries roundish-oval; sweet and juicy; bunch short and very compact; apparently a seedling from the Dutch grape Vandelaen Précoce, which it much resembles: very hardy, and a great bearer.
- White Rissling. Berries round; sweet and juicy; bunch short and compact: a great bearer, and good wall grape.

SELECT HARDY GRAPES FOR WALLS—*continued.*

A few other grapes of this class are well adapted for pot culture in orchard-houses. viz. Black Alicante, berries large; sweet; a great bearer — Knight's Sweet Water, a sweet, nice grape, and a most abundant bearer — the Royal Muscadine and Prolific Sweet Water, arranged under Grapes for Vineries — it must be recollected succeed well on walls, particularly the latter sort, which succeeds admirably against a S.E. wall: its berries require severe thinning.

Plants from eyes 2 and 3 years old, 4 to 6 feet high, not in pots, 1*s.* 6*d.* each, except those priced.

MEDLARS.

1. Dutch. Very large; flavour not so good as the following.
2. Monstrous. Large; flavour good: a great bearer.
3. Nottingham. Small; flavour brisk and good.
4. Royal. A new sort from France like No. 3, but large, and a prodigious bearer, even when quite young.

Nos. 2, 3, and 4. make prolific pyramids.

PRICES OF TREES.

Standards	-	-	-	-	-	2 <i>s.</i> 6 <i>d.</i> each
Pyramids	-	-	-	-	-	1 <i>s.</i> 6 <i>d.</i> "

SELECT NECTARINES.

Melting nectarines and peaches are those that part freely from the stone. Clingstone nectarines and peaches have a firm, rich flesh, which adheres to the stone.

Downton. Large; melting, rich, and very good: a seedling of Mr. Knight's, between Elruge and Violette Hâtive: tree very hardy.

Elruge. Medium size; melting, rich, juicy, and excellent: one of the best.

Hardwicke Seedling. Medium size; melting, rich, and very good: a seedling from the Elruge: the tree is very hardy.

Hunt's Tawny. Melting, rich, and good; flesh yellow: earlier than most.

Impératrice. Large; melting, juicy, and good.

Murrey. Medium size; melting, rich, and good: tree hardy.

Newington. Very large; Clingstone; very rich when well ripened.

Newington, Early. Very large; Clingstone; very rich; rather earlier than the preceding.

Pitmaston Orange. Large; melting, juicy, and good; skin bright-red, next the sun; flesh golden-yellow: tree hardy and a good bearer; flowers large and beautiful.

Roman. Large; Clingstone; rich when quite ripe.

Violette Hâtive. Medium size; melting, rich, and excellent; one of the best.

Violette Grosse. Very large; melting, juicy, and very good.

White, New. Large; melting, rich, and very good: well adapted for pot culture under glass.

To the above may be added Fairchild's Early, a pretty little orange-coloured nectarine, adapted for pot culture: also the Stanwick, which bears abundantly, but requires fire-heat to ripen its fruit. *

PRICES OF TREES.

						<i>s.</i> <i>d.</i>
Standards	-	-	-	-	-	2 6 each.
Do.	trained for walls	-	-	-	-	7 6 "
Dwarfs	-	-	-	-	-	1 6 "
Do.	trained for walls	-	-	-	3 <i>s.</i> 6 <i>d.</i> to	5 0 "
Do.	in pots, largest trees	-	-	-	-	5 0 "
Do.	in pots, second size	-	-	-	-	3 6 "

* Potted trees of this sort may remain in the Orchard House, with other kinds, till their fruit is full grown, and then be removed about the 1st of September to a house with gentle fire-heat; the fruit will ripen about the end of the month; it is the most delicious of all nectarines when fully ripe.

N U T S.

No.	Name.	Remarks.
1.	Bond - - - -	Very good.
2.	Coburg - - - -	Large, abundant bearer.
3.	Cosford - - - -	Good bearer, quality good, shell remarkably thin.
4.	Filbert, Frizzled - - - -	Great bearer and very good, equal in flavour to No. 6.
5.	Filbert, Purple - - - -	Leaves and fruit of a deep purple, equal to No. 7. in size and flavour.
6.	Filbert, Red - - - -	This and the following are well known to be really good.
7.	Filbert, White - - - -	
8.	Gordon's Thin Shelled - - - -	Good bearer, excellent.
9.	Prolific Cob - - - -	Very large.
10.	Prolific, Dwarf - - - -	Raised by Mr. Pearson, of Chilwell, near Nottingham; smaller than the Cob Nut; dwarf and a great bearer.
11.	Wellington - - - -	

P R I C E S O F T R E E S.

Plants 3 feet in height, on own roots	-	-	s. d.
Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7. and 10. can be had grafted on the Spanish Hazel Nut, on stems 4 feet in height	-	2	6 0 per dozen.

This stock emits no suckers; and those grafted on it form beautiful and prolific garden trees.

S E L E C T P E A C H E S.

- Acton Scott.* Medium size; melting, rich, and excellent: a nice early peach: end of August.
- Admirable, Late.* Large; pale-yellow, with a little red: melting, rich, and good: ripens the end of September.
- Barrington.* Large; melting and excellent; ripens about the middle of September: succeeds Royal George and Noblesse.
- Belle de Doué.* Large; melting and excellent; early: ripens about the middle of August.
- Bellegarde or Galande.* Large; melting and excellent; succeeds Grosse Mignonne: forces well.
- Catherine.* Large; clingstone; a good late peach; ripens early in October: requires a warm climate and soil.
- Chancellor.* Large; melting and very good: ripens about the middle of September.
- Early Anne.* Small; melting, sweet, and good; valuable for its earliness: ripens first week in August.
- Early York (3s. 6d.).* Medium size; melting, rich, and good; succeeds Early Anne: a valuable early peach.
- Hâtive de Ferrières (2s. 6d.).* Large; melting, rich, and excellent: ripens about the third week in August.
- Madeleine de Courson.* Large; melting and very good: end of August.
- Malta.* Large; melting and excellent: keeps well after being gathered, and bears carriage well: early in September.
- Mignonne, Grosse.* Large; melting and excellent; forces well, and is one of the finest sorts in cultivation: ripens early in September.
- Mignonne Grosse, Early (2s. 6d.).* Medium size; melting and excellent: ripens twelve or fourteen days earlier than the preceding.
- Noblesse.* Large; melting and excellent: one of the best, either for forcing or open wall.
- Noblesse Seedling.* Very large; melting and excellent; raised here from seed: tree rather hardier than the preceding.
- Pêche Abec (5s.).* Large; melting, rich, and excellent: a new early peach from France. Early in August.
- Pourprée Hâtive.* Large; melting and excellent: this is not the large-flowered sort, but is apparently a variety of the Galande; the trees differ in their habit, and this is a little earlier in ripening.
- Princesse Marie (2s. 6d.).* Large; melting and excellent: a new variety from Germany; ripens end of August: tree very hardy.
- Reine des Vergers (2s. 6d.).* Large; melting, full of vinous juice, and excellent; succeeds admirably in pots: ripens early in September.
- Royal Charlotte.* Large; melting and very good: ripens early in September.
- Royal George.* Large; melting and excellent: this, with the preceding, and Madeleine de Courson, are all varieties of the same race — the Madeleine peaches of France.
- Walburton Admirable (2s. 6d.).* Large; melting and excellent; resembles in its small flowers and glands the Late Admirable, but the tree is much hardier; ripens the end of September or early in October: one of the best late peaches known.

SELECT PEACHES—*continued*.

As the culture of peaches in pots in orchard houses permits of much greater variety in a small space, the following sorts are mentioned as being interesting from their earliness and other qualities.

Admirable or Belle de Vitry, bright yellow skin and flesh; handsome and very good; Teton de Venus, large; handsome, late, and excellent: Red and White Nutmeg peaches; small but very early, ripening in July; the Belle Bausse, a variety of the Grosse Mignonne, ripening a few days later. The Shanghae peach from China has large fruit, and is a great bearer, but this season (1853) its fruit has had no flavour. Gregory's Late is a good late melting peach; the tree is very hardy and robust.

PRICES OF TREES.

	s.	d.
Standards	-	2 6 each.
Do. trained for walls	-	7 6 "
Dwarfs, except those sorts priced	-	1 6 "
Do. trained for walls. Small trees	-	3 6 "
Do. trained for walls. Fine trees	-	5 0 "
Do. in pots*	-	5 0 "
Do. do., second size	-	3 6 "

SELECT PLUMS.

With the exception of the Apple, the Plum is, perhaps, the most useful of all fruits; and, owing to the new early and late varieties, its use for the dessert and kitchen may be spread over more than three months, namely from the end of July till November. As a pyramidal tree it is really beautiful, both when in flower and when covered with fruit: the *only* successful method of cultivating them as pyramids is by biennial removal, as recommended for pears, but very little root pruning is required after one or two removals in a rich soil. I have some trees that have been removed annually; they are in a most perfect state of health and fertility. For pot culture in orchard-houses, the plum is highly eligible; and the very early sorts, planted against S. or S. W. walls, will ripen early in July: for the later sorts, walls with N. W. or W., S. E. or E. aspects answer very well.

Autumn Compote (Rivers). Oval; very large; bright red, and handsome; abundant bearer: ripens two or three weeks after Victoria: a valuable late kitchen plum.

Autumn Gage. Oval; medium size; yellow; rich, juicy, and excellent. End of October.

Belgian Purple (2s. 6d. each). Roundish-oval; purple; large; juicy and very rich. Middle of August.

Bleeker's Scarlet or *Lombard*. Roundish-oval; red; a culinary plum and one of the hardiest and most abundant bearers of all. Middle of September.

Bullace, New Large. Round; small; yellow; very acid, but useful for preserving; a great bearer. End of October.

Cloth of Gold (Esperen) 2s. 6d. each. Oval; medium size; bright yellow; juicy and agreeable; freestone, *i. e.* parts freely from the stone. Ripens early in September.

Coe's Golden Drop. Oval; yellow; very large; juicy, rich, and excellent: deserves a wall, but bears well as a pyramid; first rate for pot culture. End of September.

Coe's Late Red. Round; medium size; purplish red; freestone; juicy and agreeable; a valuable late plum. End of October.

Columbia. Round; purple; very large; sweet, but not very juicy; freestone; a useful culinary plum. Middle of September.

Corse's Nota Bene. Oval; medium size; purple; rich, juicy, and very good; a Canadian plum: tree very hardy; a great bearer. End of August.

D'Agen or *Date Plum*. Oval; medium size; red; sweet, but not juicy: a great bearer; excellent for preserving. Middle of September.

Damson, Common. Oval; small; purple; astringent; useful for tarts and preserving. Middle of September.

Damson, Prune. Oval; small; purple; not so astringent as the preceding, which is the favourite in the South, while this is preferred in the north of England.

Damson, White. Roundish-oval; rather small; pale yellow; acid; a useful kitchen plum. End of September.

De Montfort. Round; medium size; purple; juicy; rich and excellent; much like *Royale Hative*, but larger. Middle of August.

Denniston's Superb. Round; greenish-yellow; large; juicy and rich; ten or twelve days earlier than *Green Gage*: a great bearer and a useful plum. Early in August.

Diamond. Oval; purple; enormously large; unfit to eat uncooked, but one of the finest culinary plums known; its agreeable and brisk acid is never destroyed. Middle of September.

Early Favourite (Rivers). Roundish-oval; medium size; purple; juicy, and very agreeable; freestone; requires a wall with a S. or S. W. aspect; and is then the earliest of all early plums. Middle of July.

Early Prolific (Rivers). Oval; purple; medium size; juicy and good; freestone: (this and the preceding were raised here from stones of the *Précocoe de Tours*): hardy, and a prodigious bearer; has withstood the spring frosts of the last five years. End of July.

* To save the expense of extra package and carriage, these potted trees are taken out of their pots and sent with their balls of earth intact, closely packed in baskets.

SELECT PLUMS—*continued.*

- Fellenberg or Quetsche d'Italie. Oval; dark purple; large; rich, juicy, and good. Beginning of October.
- Frost Gage. Nearly round; purple; small; an American damson-like plum; freestone; sweet and good; hardy and useful. Middle of October.
- Golden Gage (2s. 6d. each). Oval; large; pale yellow; juicy and good. End of September.
- Goliath or Caledonian. Round; very large; purple; a useful kitchen plum. Middle of August.
- Green Gage, Reine Claude of the French. Round; green; medium size; juicy and very rich: the richest of all plums. End of August.
- Guthrie's Aunt Ann (2s. 6d. each). Round; large; greenish-yellow; freestone; rich and juicy; very hardy and productive. Middle of September.
- Guthrie's Late Green (2s. 6d. each). Roundish-oval; large; yellowish-green; rich, juicy, and excellent; tree very hardy and productive: a valuable late plum. End of September.
- Guthrie's Tay Bank. Roundish-oval, large; green; juicy and rich. Middle of September.
- Huling's Superb. Round; yellowish-green; very large; rich, juicy, and excellent; freestone: a noble plum; the tree has large leaves, and a vigorous upright habit. Middle of September.
- Impératrice, Blue. Oval; medium size, purple; rich, not very juicy; requires a wall, and hangs long on the tree. Oct.
- Impératrice, Ickworth. Roundish-oval; purple; large; rich, juicy, and excellent; may be kept a long time after being gathered, if wrapped in paper, in a dry place. October.
- Imperial de Milan. Oval; purple; large, juicy, and rich: a fine late plum. Beginning of October.
- Imperial Gage. Oval; green; large; freestone; juicy and rich: a great bearer. End of August.
- Imperial Ottoman. Roundish-oval; yellow; medium size; juicy and sweet: a nice early plum. Beginning of August.
- Jefferson. Oval; large; yellow, spotted with red; juicy, rich, and excellent; freestone: a great bearer. Beginning of September.
- Kirke's. Round; purple; large; rich, juicy, and excellent: very hardy. Middle of September.
- Lawrence's Gage. Round; large; yellowish-green; rich and juicy; freestone: tree remarkable for its glossy leaves, and upright hardy habit. Beginning of September.
- Magnum Bonum. White; oval; pale yellow; very large: a valuable kitchen plum. Middle of September.
- Mamelonne. Shape peculiar, with a neck like a pear, and a nipple-like point; medium size; greenish-yellow, spotted with red; rich, juicy, and excellent; freestone: ripens a fortnight before the Green Gage. Middle of August.
- Mirabelle. Oval; yellow; small; abundant bearer, and highly esteemed for preserving: tree forms a beautiful pyramid. Middle of August.
- Monsieur Gros Surpasse, or Surpasse Monsieur. Purple; large; round; a rich, juicy, and excellent plum. Middle of August.
- Nectarine. Round; very large; purple; a great bearer, and a good kitchen plum. Middle of August.
- Orange. Roundish-oval; very bright orange, spotted with red; a great bearer; tree forms a fine pyramid: a good kitchen plum. End of September.
- Orleans. Round; purplish red; a prodigious bearer, and a good kitchen plum. End of August.
- Orleans, Early. Round; purplish red; medium size; juicy, and agreeable: a good early plum. Beginning of August.
- Orleans, Late or Black. Round; dark purple; large; juicy, and good: a valuable late plum. End of September.
- Peach, or Prune Pêche. Round; red; large; juicy and agreeable: a good early plum. Beginning of August.
- Prince of Wales. Round; red; medium size: tree very hardy, and a great bearer: a good kitchen plum. Beginning of September.
- Perdigron, Violet Hâtif. Roundish-oval; purple; medium size; rich, juicy, and excellent: tree very hardy, and bears abundantly. Middle of August.
- Pond's Seedling, or Fonthill Plum. Oval; bright red; enormously large: a great bearer, and a valuable kitchen plum. Beginning of September.
- Précoce de Berghthold (2s. 6d. each). Roundish-oval; yellow, small; juicy and sweet: the earliest yellow plum, as early and better than Jaune Hâtive.
- Purple Favourite. Round; purple; medium size; juicy, rich, and good. End of August.
- Purple Gage, or Reine Claude Violette. Round; purple; medium size; rich, juicy, and excellent; freestone: enclosed in muslin bags on the tree, and suffered to shrivel, the fruit becomes a perfect sweetmeat. Middle of September.
- Reine Claude de Bayay. Round; greenish-yellow; very large, rich, and juicy: tree very hardy, and an abundant bearer: forms a fine pyramid. Beginning of October.
- Reine Claude d'Octobre. Round; green; a little below medium size; juicy, rich, and good, with the true Green Gage flavour; freestone. End of October.
- Reine Claude Rouge (Van Mons), 3s. 6d. each. Round; purple; large; very rich, juicy, and delicious; freestone. Beginning of September.
- Saint Catherine. Roundish-oval; pale-yellow: tree a great bearer, excellent for preserving. Middle of September.
- Saint Etienne (2s. 6d.). Oval; bright yellow; below medium size; juicy, sweet, and agreeable: a nice early plum. Beginning of August.
- Saint Martin's Quetsche. Oval; yellow; rich, juicy, and good; tree very hardy, and forms a prolific pyramid: a valuable late plum. End of October.
- Tardive de Chalons. Round; reddish purple; below medium size; acid; a good preserving plum, the latest of all; a great bearer. Quite the end of October.
- Victoria, or Alderton, of Sussex. Oval; red; very large; sweet and juicy; a great bearer, and an excellent kitchen plum: an old Sussex variety with a new name. Beginning of September.
- Washington. Roundish-oval; yellow; very large; juicy and good, but scarcely rich enough for the dessert. Middle of September.

SELECT PLUMS—*continued.*

Waterloo (2s. 6d.). Oval; dull greenish-yellow; very large; rich, juicy, and good: the fruit placed in muslin bags and suffered to shrivel on the tree becomes delicious. End of September.

Winesour. Roundish-oval; purple; below medium size; only useful for preserving; a great favourite in Yorkshire: the Diamond plum, in my opinion, has a finer flavour. End of September.

Yellow Magnum Bonum. Oval; bright yellow; very large; a noble looking plum; sweet and juicy: a good kitchen plum. End of August.

There are a few new kinds of plums, which merit notice:—**Belle de Septembre** (3s. 6d.): a large, red, very late variety. **Wangenheim** (2s. 6d.): a late, oval, purple plum; makes a remarkably rich tart. **Prune Nerbert** (2s. 6d.): a round, damson-like plum; very late, sweet, and good. **Mirabelle d'Octobre** (2s. 6d.): ripens at the end of October: a pretty, round, red plum. **M'Laughlin** (3s. 6d.): a new plum from America: green, very rich, and good. Also the following, which have not yet borne fruit here:—**Angelina Burdett**, purple; Standard of England, red; **Woolston Black Gage**, "jet black:" these three varieties are 5s. each. Several older sorts, not inserted in this Catalogue, are still cultivated, and trees can be had.

PRICES OF TREES.

	s.	d.
Standards for Orchards - - - - -	2	0 each.
Dwarfs, except those sorts priced - - - - -	1	6 "
Ditto, trained for espaliers or walls - - - - -	3	6 "
Ditto, grafted on Sloes, which form dwarf prolific bushes - - - - -	2	6 "
Upright or Pyramidal Trees - - - - -	2	6 "
Dwarfs in pots - - - - -	3	6 "
Ditto, bushes for potting - - - - -	2	0 "

QUINCES.

No.	Name.	Remarks.
1.	Pear Shaped - - -	The sort in common cultivation.
2.	Portugal - - -	Very good and distinct, with very large downy leaves, fruit large and fine.

PRICES OF TREES.

	s.	d.
Portugal Standards - - - - -	2	6 each.
Ditto, Dwarfs or Pyramids - - - - -	1	6 "
Pear shaped Standards - - - - -	1	6 "
Ditto, Dwarfs - - - - -	6	0 per doz.
Common or French, for stocks - - - - -	3	0 "

SELECT RASPBERRIES.

Antwerp, Red (1s. 6d. per doz.). Large; of fine flavour: of this there are two varieties, round-fruited and long-fruited, both equally good.

Antwerp, Yellow (2s. per doz.). Large; yellow; and very good.

Black (3s. per doz.). Purple; a hybrid raised here: very acid, and excellent for jam.

Filby or Fastolf Red (1s. 6d. per doz.). Large and excellent: one of the best.

Large-fruited Monthly (3s. per doz.). Large; bright red; requires a warm soil and climate: often bears abundantly all the autumn till November.

Merveille de Quatre Saisons (1s. each). Large; bright red; bears even more abundantly in autumn than the preceding: its spikes of fruit are often twelve or eighteen inches long.

There are some other Raspberries cultivated, and of which plants can be had: viz., **Franconia**, or **Chili**; a good hardy kind. **Cornwall's Victoria**; large, but inferior in flavour. **Rogers's Victoria**; a sort which bears well in autumn. **Belle de Fontenay**, a new autumnal variety, with very large fruit. The **Giant**, and **Beehive**, both good, but not better than the **Fastolf**.

SELECT STRAWBERRIES.

- Black Prince** (4s. per 100). Medium size; very early; fresh; soft and melting; flavour flat: a good kind for forcing.
- British Queen** (Myatt's) (4s. per 100.) Very large; flavour exquisite: a standard of perfection in strawberries.
- Cole's Prolific** (4s. per 100). Large; early and excellent; a seedling from Keen's seedling; earlier and larger.
- Eleanor** (4s. per 100). Very large, the largest; rather too acid, but a useful late strawberry. Mr. Doubleday of Epping grew fruit of this variety this season (1853), measuring eight inches in circumference.
- Elton** (4s. per 100). Large; acid; very late: a most useful late variety.
- Ingram's Prince of Wales**. Medium size; rather acid, but juicy and refreshing: forces well.
- Myatt's Globe** (4s. per 100). Large; rich, and very good; hardy, and a good bearer.
- Old Pine** (4s. per 100). Large; rich, juicy, and most agreeable and refreshing: one of the finest strawberries.
- Prolific Hautbois** (8s. per 100). Medium size; rich; not very prolific in most soils, but quite unique in its peculiar flavour.
- Princess Alice Maud** (4s. per 100). Large; juicy and agreeable: a good early variety.
- Red Alpine** (Desportes) (4s. per 100). Small; acid; a new and most prolific variety of the Alpine, which bears abundantly in autumn.
- Seedling Eliza** (Rivers) (8s. per 100.) Large; early; rich, juicy, and excellent; raised here from Myatt's Eliza; succeeds Cole's Prolific: has a hardy and vigorous habit, and bears most abundantly.
- Stirling Castle Pine** (8s. per 100). Larger than the Old Pine, and of the same racy, excellent flavour: hardy, and a good bearer.
- Surprise** (Myatt's) (8s. per 100). Very large; rich and good, but not equal to the British Queen.
- Swainstone Seedling** (4s. per 100). Large; flesh peculiarly tender and melting; rich and excellent.
- Trollop's Victoria** (8s. per 100). Very large; early; juicy and refreshing, but not rich.
- There are several varieties omitted in the above list, which are deficient in some essential quality. Kitley's Goliath is large and hardy, but, as compared with the Queen, flavourless. Wilmot's Prince Arthur is a large abomination.

The French strawberries, Comte de Paris and Princesse Royale, are very large and productive, admired by some growers. Vicomtesse Hericart de Theury, Duchesse de Trevis, a good early sort, Comtesse de Marne, Comtesse Zamoisky, and Premices de Bagnollet, are all new. Plants of these seven varieties are 8s. per 100.

Belle de Palnau, La Reine, Comte de Flandre, Triomphe de Gand, Duc de Brabant, Honneur de la Belgique, and La Merveille, are new Belgian varieties. Plants, 4s. per doz.

Bicton Pine and Merveille de Flandre are large white strawberries, varieties of the Old White Carolina. Plants, 4s. per doz.

MISCELLANEOUS FRUITS.

	s.	d.
Almond, Sweet	-	1 6 each.
Do. large-fruited, in pots	-	2s. 6d. to 3 6 "
Do. thin shelled, in pots	-	2s. 6d. to 3 6 "
Berberry, Stoneless	-	1 6 "
Crab, Siberian	-	1 6 "
Do. Scarlet	-	1 6 "
*Mulberry, Black	-	3s. 6d. to 5 0 "
Do. large trees, from 30 to 40 years old, two to five guineas each.		
Service (Sorbus domestica)	-	1 6 "
Service, Maple Leaved (Pyrus torminalis)	-	1 6 "
Spanish Chesnut, Downton	-	1 6 "
Ditto Ditto Banks's Prolific	-	1 6 "
Ditto Ditto Large-fruited	-	2 6 "
Walnut, Common	-	1 6 "
Walnut, Dwarf Prolific, (Juglans præparturiens,) or Noyer fertile of the French	3	6 "

[A dwarf variety raised from seed at Chalons. I have seen plants only two feet in height in France, full of fruit.]

Directions for the Treatment of Trees received in Winter during Frost.

The trees, closely packed as received, should be placed in a cellar, or some place where the frost cannot penetrate, and remain there till a thaw takes place, and then be unpacked and planted. With this treatment, even if they are frozen through when received, they will not sustain the least injury.

15 NO 53

LONDON: SPOTTISWOODES & SHAW, New-street-Square.

